

MILITIAMEN TO PROTECT BORDER

Wilson Calls Texas, Arizona, and New Mexico Guard to Duty.

ACTS ON SCOTT'S ADVICE

Regulars Ordered There Are Thirtieth, Third, Twenty-first and Part of Fourteenth Regiments.

President Wilson yesterday called out the National Guard organizations of Texas, Arizona and New Mexico for service on the Mexican border.

Coming on the heels of the sensational raids by Mexican outlaws on the American towns of Glenn Springs and Boquillas, Tex., and in the midst of disturbing news of an impasse in the negotiations between Maj. Gen. Hugh L. Scott and War Minister Obregon of Mexico, has created a profound impression throughout Washington.

Gen. Obregon is understood to have decried the conference on Monday by a demand that a time limit be imposed on the presence of the American troops in Mexico. Gen. Scott is said to have been instructed by Secretary of War Baker, following a meeting of the cabinet, to reject the proposal.

The regular army organizations ordered to the border are the Thirtieth Infantry, from Plattsburg, N. Y.; the Third Infantry, from Watertown and Oswego, N. Y.; the Twenty-first Infantry, from Vancouver Barracks, Wash., and two battalions of the Fourteenth Infantry, from Fort Lawton, Okla.

Added Force Totals 8,000 men.

The action was taken following the conference which the President and Secretary of War Baker at the White House Monday night, and was based in part on recommendations from Gen. Scott and Funston. Gen. Funston is said to have urged comprehensive steps having in mind the possible requirements of a general invasion of northern Mexico.

The militia and regular army forces called into service will give Gen. Funston a total additional force of approximately 8,000 men, including the regular infantry regiments, totaling about 3,000, and the militia organizations aggregating 4,900 men.

On being mustered in the militia will be thoroughly equipped by the regular army. Secretary Baker admitted that the emergency appropriation of \$3,000,000 allowed by Congress last March for the expenses of the Villa pursuit has been almost exhausted, and that an additional appropriation will have to be asked for in the near future.

So far, no activity is shown at the Navy Department.

FRIENDLY SOCIETY MEETS.

More Than 500 Girls Attend Annual Gathering of Body.

The Girls' Friendly Society numbers almost half a million members, being one of the largest church organizations in the world, said Miss Frances Sibley, president of the American branch of the society, in speaking to more than 500 members who gathered at the Church of the Epiphany for the annual members' meeting last night.

Miss Sibley told of her recent visit to branches in London, Cape Town, Coleridge, and other places.

Miss Marion Oliver, president of the society in the Washington diocese, told of the work accomplished during the last year. The branch, according to Miss Oliver, now numbers more than 1,200 members.

Following a number of songs by the chorus of the Epiphany Society, refreshments were served, and the members engaged in dancing.

IMPORTANCE OF WEARING GOOD CLOTHES RECOGNIZED BY ALL SUCCESSFUL MEN.

A man who wears well-tailored clothes meets with a cordial reception and leaves a good impression wherever he goes. Many a young man in Washington today is struggling along in an inferior position in business because he has not waked up to the fact that he must be well dressed to become from the world the proper recognition.

I notice this, said Mr. M. Stein, the well known tailor at Eighth and F streets, that the young men who come to us for tailored to measure clothes are very generally the successful young men of this city; they are very particular about their clothes, and whether they pay me sixteen dollars or thirty-five dollars for a suit, they want that suit to fit and to be right up to the minute in style. By giving them the clothes they want I feel that I am helping to make them successful.

INTESTINAL INDIGESTION

Can Be Permanently Relieved Only by Making the Liver Active.

Intestinal indigestion is shown by flatulence, constipation and sometimes attacks of diarrhoea which have no apparent cause. You may not have known it, but the intestines must digest food as well as the stomach. So while your stomach digestion may be all right, you may easily have intestinal indigestion or dyspepsia—a trouble that is often harder to overcome than stomach trouble.

The digestive fluid in the bowels is the bile—bile is furnished out by the liver, and it is lack of enough of this fluid that causes the indigestion.

Then the only way to relieve intestinal indigestion and the symptoms noted above is to put the liver in good shape. That's why oils and laxatives that only act on the bowels are no good whatever in this kind of trouble. The sure way to get relief is to take Nature's Remedy (N.R. Tablets) every night for a few nights. Nature's Remedy acts on the liver and promotes the flow of bile into the intestines; it corrects and tones up the stomach, relieves rheumatism and constipation, benefits the kidneys and purifies the blood. Contains no calomel or habit-forming drugs. Get a 5c box and take an N.R. Tablet tonight—you'll feel better in the morning. People's Drug Stores, Seventh and K northwest, Seventh and H northwest, Seventh and M northwest, and Fourteenth and U northwest.

Americans in Two Fights Avenge Latest Border Raid

(By the Sun News Service.)

Marathon, Tex., May 9.—American soldiers and possemen have already avenged the death of the four Americans at the hands of Mexican raiders at Glenn Springs.

Just how many Mexicans have been killed is not known, but they were numerous. Two fights have taken place between Americans and Mexicans since the raid, one Monday and another today.

Capt. Fox, of the Texas Rangers, reported here today to Col. F. W. Sibley, commander of the American expedition into the "Big Bend" country, a fight between seven American soldiers and three civilian possemen on the Mexican side of the river near Boquillas. "Several Mexicans were killed," was his laconic statement.

Earlier in the day another fight between United States river guards, Texas Rangers, and possemen was reported on the Texas side of the line between Boquillas and San Vicente. The Americans came upon the Mexicans hiding in the

cottonwood grove along the river banks. There were twelve in the band. The Americans killed eight of them, the report says.

Pursuers Now in Mexico.

The entire American expedition is now either on the other side of the river or under way from Marathon south in the direction of the andal raid. Col. Sibley remains here to direct the work of his men by telegraph. Maj. Langhorne, Eight Cavalry, will command at Glenn Springs, which will be the base of operations.

It is reported here that the force has been augmented by the soldiers of Troop A, Fourteenth Cavalry, under Capt. Casper Cole, and that they are penetrating into Mexico after the bandits.

Col. Sibley was officially advised by the Carranza government tonight in telegrams that a thousand Carranza troops had been ordered into the Big Bend country on the Mexican side of the boundary to pursue the raiders by Governor Eustasio Mireles, of the state of Coahuila.

SING AND DANCE TO AID WOUNDED

New York Entertainers Give Program at British Benefit at Octagon House.

COURT YARD IS LOVELY

Soft Light of Moon Blends With Vari-Colored Glow of Electric Bulbs—Society Folk Attend.

America and France combined last night to raise funds for the wounded British soldiers. It was a brilliant crowd that gathered at Octagon House for the second evening of the charity bazaar, and those present witnessed a brilliant program.

Miss Donna Easley, Mlle. de Holtoir, and the miniature Bar Williams came down from New York to contribute their talent to the cause of the wounded, and with the assistance of 7-year-old Tereta Shaeffer, who dances with the finish of a professional, it proved to be a generous contribution.

Miss Easley opened with Bellini's "Puritani," and, despite the fact that she was singing in the open air, rendered it exquisitely. Following it she sang as an encore the latest English success, which is replacing "Tipperary" in the trenches, "Keep the Home Fires Burning."

Mlle. de Holtoir had two numbers, a series of sketches given in costume, and a monologue. Between the numbers little Miss Shaeffer did a sword dance, and when with her sword on her shoulder she swaggered down the stage in time to the music the audience greeted her with a storm of applause.

Court Yard Lovely.

The only criticism that one overheard of Bert Williams' performance was that he did not sing everything he knew. He was generous, however, singing a number of songs among them his celebrated "Slippery Elm," and concluding with the well known pantomime of a poker game.

The court yard was lovely with the moon rising behind the stage which has been built at the end of the terrace, its light blending with the rose-colored electric bulbs with which the court yard is strung. The setting was designed by E. H. Brooks, the architect, who, with a skillful use of the material available, has perfectly harmonized the big dancing platform, the selling booths, and the open-air theater.

Mrs. Glasgow, who is in charge of the tobacco booth, and as her assistants Misses Delano, Miss Elizabeth Williams, and Miss Patten, who, dressed as cigarette girls, wandered in and out of the crowd, vending their wares.

Among those who visited the bazaar last night were George Eustis, Mr. and Mrs. Truxton Beale, Count and Mme. de Sibour, Mrs. Borden Harrison, Mrs. Chauncey Hackett, Mrs. Meyer, William Eustis, Mrs. Clarence Wilson, Mrs. Arthur Willert, Postmaster General and Mrs. Burleson, Miss McClintock, Mrs. Helen Walcott, Mrs. Arthur Glasgow, Mr. and Mrs. James Wadsworth, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. James Wadsworth, Thomas Spring-Rice, Henry White, Rev. Charles Wood, Basil Miles, Mrs. Walter Andrews, Senor Macueli de Barra, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Bruce Howe, and Mrs. George Barnett.

Tonight the bazaar will be repeated, and tomorrow Elsie Janis is to be the principal entertainer.

AEROS OF ENEMY COULD RAZE CITY, SAYS PEARY

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

destruction and loss of life that have already been enacted in the cities of the east coast of England.

"A small, innocent-looking tramp steamer like the Appam, with a squadron of modern aeroplanes upon her decks, could, under cover of night, slip in near the coast abreast of Washington, launch the machines into the air, each carrying 300-500 pounds of high explosives; and, by the first rays of morning light, the squadron of aeroplanes forming in line just east of Washington with spaces of about one city block between each two machines, could sweep across the city over a zone twelve blocks wide, each machine, as it proceeded, dropping twelve to twenty twenty-five-pound bombs of high explosives (2,600 to 3,000 pounds) in the course of a few minutes.

"The machines, then wheeling, could regain their ship in a few hours, leaving behind them results which perhaps you can imagine.

"And there is at this time absolutely no means at hand of preventing or resisting such a raid. There is not an airship in or near Washington. There is not an anti-aircraft gun in or near the city.

"I want to see a hydro-aeroplane in active commission here in the District, that it may be a convenient object lesson to our law makers, who, in the insistent press of urgent matters, have not had time to familiarize themselves with the startling progress of aviation and the vital importance of aeronautics to this country."

Ingraham Backs Peary.

Assistant Secretary of War Ingraham, though but two days in office, pleaded for the District hydro-aeroplane commission in an enthusiastic address supporting Admiral Peary. It was the first public appearance of the Assistant Secretary in Washington. He urged the chamber to start the movement begun by the explorer and expressed his views on preparedness.

"Of course, Washington is up a river, but that river has heard the tread of a foe before," he said. "And it is almost

FRIENDS LAUNCH PEACE CRUSADE

Society Opens Headquarters Here to Convert Congressmen to Anti-War Belief.

LETTERS ARE SENT OUT

Nation-wide Lecture Campaign Indorsed—Approval Given to Appeal for Church Funds.

Swinging into the ranks of opponents of militarism members of the House and Senate who are puzzled over a preparedness stand in the object of a movement undertaken by Friends of the country with the opening of "peace" headquarters in Washington. Thousands of letters are being sent out from the headquarters at 1811 I street northwest, where a considerable force of clerks and stenographers is engaged.

The peace offices were opened by a national committee of the Society of Friends. Their fellow-churchmen in all parts of the nation are being appealed to help the undecided Representatives "to take the right course in this time of national peril."

There are more than 150,000 Friends in the country, a large proportion of whom are receiving the letters. The recipients of the letters are asked to co-operate by distributing the anti-preparedness propaganda among the members of their churches.

All Not in Accord.

Miss Alberta Wilson, of Washington, the only Washington member of the national executive committee, said last night that not all Friends were in accord with anti-militarism thought.

"Many, of course, hold the doctrine of nonresistance. Lots of others feel the need of a national police as well as the need of municipal police," she said.

The executive committee embraces the five branches of the church. The two principal divisions are the unitarian and orthodox, with subdivisions of the orthodox belief.

Other members of the committee are L. Hollingsworth Wood, chairman, of New York; J. Barnard Walton, Francis R. Taylor and Esther Morton Smith, of Philadelphia, and Arthur H. Tomlinson, of Swarthmore, Pa. Arthur M. Dewees, of Washington, is secretary of the committee.

Impossible to stop an enemy once it gets ashore.

The Assistant Secretary, as mayor of Portland, Ore., was instrumental in having Admiral Peary's plans for coast patrol by aeroplanes established there. He told the members of the chamber how they could raise the \$10,000 for establishing the patrol, which was by popular subscription as in Portland, where the plan has been always felt this country should be prepared," he declared. "I have always believed in preparedness, and this is the best way to prepare. The aeroplanes can sweep the nation and watch the coast. They are the eyes of men in the country. I am glad to be here tonight to raise my voice for it."

In speaking of preparedness, Representative Joseph Meeker, of St. Louis, said:

"In our mind's eye, we have the best navy in the world. But as for actual defense, it is with another note. We haven't anything else with which to meet them. When we run out of note paper, the stuff is off."

In a serious vein, the Congressman declared the problem of those at the Capitol favoring preparedness was to prepare the minds of the people in the interior of the nation for national defense. This was the most serious problem, he said, because defense should be almost entirely through a navy and people inland did not realize the danger of an invasion by the seas.

Representative Meeker spoke vigorously in behalf of suffrage for the District. He suggested that Washington business men finance a publicity movement which would take to State legislatures the question of a Constitutional amendment permitting local self-government.

Benjamin J. Rosenthal, vice president of the National Business League of America, addressed the chamber on preparedness and a merchant marine.

The chamber indorsed the plan of Admiral Peary and a report submitted by Dr. Lewis J. Battle favoring a new municipal hospital. The mention of a site for the institution was not included.

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D. J. KAUFMAN'S BIG STRAW HAT SALE IN FULL BLAST!

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There are other sensible cigarettes besides Fatimas. But Fatimas have proved themselves to be the most sensible cigarette for most men. Because, in addition to their pleasing taste, Fatimas give you Cigarette-Comfort at all times.

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a SENSIBLE cigarette—so comfortable to the throat and tongue and so free from any "mean" feeling after a long day's smoking.

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PITTSBURGH MUSICIANS HEARD.

A program of interesting college selections was given at Hamline M. E. Church last night by the Musical Clubs of the University of Pittsburgh under the joint auspices of Brightwood Park and Hamline M. E. churches.

The musicians were divided into gleeman and band sections, and rendered selections individually as well as ensemble. In addition to the musical program, John A. Thompson, an eloquent, gave attractive readings.

Abe Swmartin Says:

I suppose all the agitation about preparedness and the high cost of gasoline must have something to do with the volume of new Saxons you see on the streets. Watch Your Step. "SAXON DAYS." Record Auto Co. 631 Mass. Ave.



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AMERICA'S PROUDEST TROPHIES

The electrification of 440 miles of main line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway between Harlowton, Mont., and Avery, Idaho, across the Belt, Rocky and Bitter Root Mountains, which form the Great Continental Divide, and the digging of the Panama Canal, stand linked as the greatest engineering achievements of this generation.

The Canal ushers in a new era of ocean travel. "St. Paul" electrification heralds a new era in transcontinental railroading—mastering forever the stupendous obstacles of the mountains—carrying traffic over the massive barriers with comparative ease and with pronounced saving in cost—decidedly improving train operation—practically eliminating all trouble from cold and snow—making mountain travel clean and mountain vistas clear.

While the ships at Panama have but 85 feet of altitude to surmount, the giant electric locomotives of the "St. Paul" must climb mile-high over the Great Continental Divide. Being the world's most powerful electric locomotives, fed with limitless energy from mountain waterpower, they haul with ease the all-steel "Olympian" and "Columbian" and the long heavily loaded freight trains—a thing unbelievable to that generation of men who considered these mountains an eternal barrier to commerce.

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